

Dringhouses Discovery Curriculum - PSHCE Curriculum Progression Plan

Understanding The World

Cycle A

| PSHCE | Early Years | Key Stage 1 | Lower Key Stage 2 | Upper Key Stage 2 |
|----------|--|---|---|---|
| Outcomes | | Belonging to a community: | Belonging to a community: | Belonging to a community: |
| | Children show interest in the lives of | about examples of rules in different | the reasons for rules and laws in wider | •how resources are allocated and the effect |
| | people who are | situations, | society | this has on individuals, communities and |
| | familiar to them. | • that different people have different needs | • the importance of abiding by the law and | the environment |
| | -Recognises and describes special times | how we care for people, animals and | what might happen if rules and laws are | • the importance of protecting the |
| | or events | other living things in different ways | broken | environment and how everyday actions can |
| | for family or friends; | how they can look after the | what human rights are and how they | either support or damage it |
| | | environment, | protect people | • how to show compassion for the |
| | | KPI- Understand that we are all different | to identify basic examples of human | environment, animals and other living |
| | | | rights and responsibilities including the | |
| | | animals) | rights of children | • money is spent and how it affects the |
| | similarities and | | that with every right there is also a | environment |
| | | Media literacy and Digital resilience: | responsibility | express their own opinions about their |
| | -Comments and asks questions about | how and why people use the internet | KPI - Understand what laws/rules are and | responsibility towards the environment |
| | aspects of | Benefits of digital devices and online | the consequences for breaking them. | KPI - Understand our responsibilities for |
| | their familiar world such as the place where | | | the environment and know how to treat |
| | | KPI- Understand the uses for the internet | Media literacy and Digital resilience: | it respectfully |
| | | and why people use it | how the internet can be used positively | |
| | -Shows care and concern for living things | | for leisure, for school and for work | Media literacy and Digital resilience: |
| | | Money and Work: | | • to identify different types of media and |
| | Physical Development. | that everyone has different strengths, in | online can be altered or adapted and the | their different purposes e.g. to entertain, |
| | | and out of school | reasons for why this happens | inform, persuade or advertise |
| | their bodies; | about how different strengths and | strategies to recognise whether | basic strategies to assess whether |
| | -Can usually manage washing and | interests are needed to do different jobs | something they see online is true or | content online is based on fact, opinion, |
| | drying hands; | about people whose job it is to help us in | accurate | or is biased |
| | , , | the community | to know how to access support to | that some media and online content |
| | and understands need for variety | about different jobs and the work people | evaluate whether a game is suitable to | promote stereotypes |
| | in food; | do | play or a website is appropriate for their | • how to assess which search results |
| | -Shows some understanding that | KPI- Know that everyone has different | age-group | are more reliable than others |
| | | strengths and interests that lead to | • to make safe, reliable choices from | • to recognise unsafe or suspicious |
| | | different jobs in the future | search results | content online |
| | hygiene can contribute to | | KPI: how to report something seen or | how devices store and share information |
| | good health; | | experienced online that concerns them | |
| | -Children talk about how they and | | images or content that worry them, | Money and Work: |
| | others show feelings. | | unkind or inappropriate communication | |
| | -Welcomes and values praise for what they | | | that they might like to do in the future |
| | have done; | | Money and Work: | how or why someone might choose a |

-Enjoys responsibility of carrying out small tasks: -ls more outgoing towards unfamiliar people land more confident in new social situations: -Confident to talk to other children when playing and will communicate freely about own home and community; -Shows confidence in asking adults for help. Managing Feelings and Behaviour -Aware of own feelings and knows that some actions and words can hurt others' feelinas: -Begins to accept the needs of others and can take turns and share resources. sometimes with support from others; -Can usually tolerate delay when needs are not immediately met and understands wishes may not always be met; Can usually adapt behaviour to different events. social situations and changes in routine. Development Matters statements 40-60 months. Relationships -Initiates conversations, attends to and account of what others say; -Explains own knowledge and understanding and asks appropriate questions of others: -Takes steps to resolve conflicts with other children. e.g. finding a compromise. -Self Confidence and Self Awareness -Confident to speak to others about own needs, wants, interests and opinions; -Can describe self in positive terms and talk about abilities. Managing Feelings and Behaviour -Understands that own actions affect other people, for example, becomes upset or tries to comfort another child when they realise they have upset them; -Aware of the boundaries set, and of behavioural expectations in the setting: -Beginning to be able to negotiate and solve problems without aggression, e.g. when someone has taken their

about jobs that people may have from certain career different sectors about what might influence people's -About class jobs, the importance of these Idecisions about a job or career, including responsibilities and how to do them. pay, working conditions, personal interests. strengths and qualities, family, values that people can have more than one job at once or over their lifetime the importance of diversity and inclusion about common myths and gender to promote people's career opportunities stereotypes related to work and how to about stereotyping in the workplace, its challenge them. impact and how to challenge it about some of the skills needed to do a that there is a variety of routes into work liob, such as teamwork and KPI - identify jobs they might like to do in the future and know some routes to decision-making to recognise their interests, skills and get into different jobs. achievements and how these might link to future jobs and set goals for how to achieve them. KPI - Know about a wide range of iobs/professions and understand that anyone (regardless of sex, race, gender etc) can work in any job

| Key Vocabulary Long Term Planning Link | turn taking, sharing. | environment, community, rules, care, safety, wellbeing, digital resilience, communication, money, work, jobs, income, collaboration | The Vanishing Rainforest by Richard Platt | belonging, compassion, responsibility, fact, opinion, biased, stereotypes, reliable, jobs, career, ambition, work, pay, Can You See Me? By Libby Scott |
|---|---|---|---|--|
| Enrichment/ Personal Development | Church visit Library visit Nativity Charity fundraising (Reindeer run) | | School council Yo-Yo Christmas workshop Careers fair Reindeer run Charity fundraising project Summer 2 LKS2 play Class jobs -Leadership assemblies | Summer fair stall Archbishop young leaders award -Playground leaders Librarians Year 6 whole school jobs Year 6 pudies Healthy eating champions UKS2 musical Leadership assemblies Crucial Crew |

Cycle B

| PSHCE | Early Years | Key Stage 1 | Lower Key Stage 2 | Upper Key Stage 2 |
|----------|---|---|---|---|
| Outcomes | Understanding the World | Belonging to a community: | Belonging to a community: | Belonging to a community: |
| | Children show interest in the lives of | about being a part of different groups, and | | what prejudice means and discrimination |
| | people who are | the role they play in these groups | community | are and the difference between |
| | familiar to them. | KPI - know about different rights and | • to recognise that they belong to different | how to recognise acts of |
| | -Recognises and describes special times | responsibilities that they have in school and | communities | discrimination and how to respond |
| | | the wider community | KPI - recognise and know about the | how to recognise stereotypes in |
| | for family or friends; | about how a community can help people | different groups that make up and | different contexts and the influence they |
| | • | from different groups to feel included | contribute to a community | have on attitudes and understanding of |
| | and ways of life; | • to recognise that they are all equal, and | | different groups and how to challenge |
| | | ways in which they are the same and | help the local community | them |
| | | different to others in their community | how to show compassion towards others | |
| | the similarities and | | in need and the shared responsibilities | discrimination are; know ways to respond |
| | , | Media literacy and Digital resilience: | | and challenge discrimination |
| | -Comments and asks questions about | the ways in which people can access | Media literacy and Digital resilience: | |
| | | the internet | KPI - that everything shared online has a | Media literacy and Digital resilience: |
| | their familiar world such as the place | | digital footprint | about the benefits of safe internet use |
| | | internet in everyday life | that organisations can use personal | how and why images online might be |
| | the natural world; | • to recognise that some content on the | information to encourage people to buy | manipulated, altered, or faked |
| | 1 | internet is factual and some is for | things | how to recognise when images might |
| | | entertainment | • to recognise what online adverts look | |
| | Physical Development. | that information online might not always be | like | why people choose to communicate |

 Observes the effects of activity on their bodies:

-Can usually manage washing and drving hands:

-Eats a healthy range of foodstuffs land understands need for variety lin food:

-Shows some understanding that good practices with regard to exercise, eating, sleeping and hygiene can contribute to good health:

-Children talk about how they and others show feelings.

-Welcomes and values praise for what they have done;

-Enjoys responsibility of carrying out small needs and wants tasks:

-Is more outgoing towards unfamiliar people

land more confident in new social situations:

-Confident to talk to other children when playing and will communicate freely about own home and community; -Shows confidence in asking adults for

Managing Feelings and Behaviour -Aware of own feelings and knows that Isome actions and words can hurt others' feelinas:

-Begins to accept the needs of others and can take turns and share resources. sometimes with

support from others:

help.

-Can usually tolerate delay when needs are not immediately met and understands wishes may not always be met; Can usually adapt behaviour to different levents.

social situations and changes in routine. Development Matters statements 40-60 months.

Relationships

-Initiates conversations, attends to and takes

account of what others say:

-Explains own knowledge

and understanding and asks appropriate questions

of others:

-Takes steps to resolve conflicts with other children,

e.g. finding a compromise.

true

KPI - know some different uses of the internet and that information online might not always be true.

Money and Work:

about what money is and its different forms can affect what information people access e.g. coins, notes, and ways of paying for things e.g. debit cards, electronic payments Money and Work:

- how money can be kept and looked after
- about getting, keeping and spending money
- how to recognise the difference between
- how people make choices about spending money, including thinking about needs and lwants.

KPI - know about getting, keeping and spending money and how to recognise the difference between needs and wants

to compare content shared for factual purposes and for advertising

 why people might choose to buy or not buv something online

 that search results are ordered based on the popularity of the website and that this

KPI - how people make different spending l. about sharing things online, including decisions based on their budget, values and needs

 how to keep track of money and why it to share online • that people are paid money for the job they is important to know how much is being • how to report inappropriate online spent

 about different ways to pay for things such as cash, cards, e-payment and the reasons for using them

• that how people spend money can have positive or negative effects on others e.g. charities, single use plastics

through social media and some of the risks and challenges of doing so

• that social media sites have age restrictions and regulations for use

• the reasons why some media and online content is not appropriate for children • how online content can be designed to manipulate people's emotions and encourage them to read or share things

rules and laws relating to this how to recognise what is appropriate

content or contact

Money and Work:

KPI - about the role that money plays in people's lives, attitudes towards it and what influences decisions about money -Why saving is important and how to do this successfully (Go Henry accounts etc) about value for money and how to judge if something is value for money

- how companies encourage customers to buy things and why it is important to be a critical consumer
- how having or not having money can impact on a person's emotions, health and lwellbeina
- about common risks associated with money, including debt, fraud and gambling how money can be gained or lost e.g. stolen, through scams or gambling and how these put people at financial risk
- how to get help if they are concerned about gambling or other financial risks

| | -Self Confidence and Self Awareness -Confident to speak to others about own needs, wants, interests and opinions; -Can describe self in positive terms and talk about abilities. Managing Feelings and Behaviour -Understands that own actions affect other people, for example, becomes upset or tries to comfort another child when they realise they have upset them; -Aware of the boundaries set, and of behavioural expectations in the setting; -Beginning to be able to negotiate and solve problems without aggression, e.g. when someone has taken their toy. | | | |
|--|--|---|---|---|
| Key Vocabulary | Attention, focus, resilience, perseverance, challenge, growth mindset, turn taking, sharing. | community, roles, responsibilities, rules, care, faith, communication, money, work, jobs, income, differences, similarities, strengths, collaboration | community, responsibilities, digital footprint, adverts, communication, money, work, jobs, income, budget, charities | discrimination, stereotypes, prejudice,, manipulate, restrictions, appropriate content, debt, fraud, gambling, financial risk, |
| Long Term Planning Link | | | | Rose Blanche by Roberto Innocenti Once by Morris Gleitzman Holes by Louis Sachar Floodland by Marcus Sedgwick |
| Enrichment/ Personal Development | Church visit Library visit Nativity Charity fundraising (Reindeer run) | Church visit Library visit Nativity School council Yo-Yo Christmas workshop | School council Yo-Yo Christmas workshop Careers fair Reindeer run Charity fundraising project Summer 2 LKS2 play Class jobs -Leadership assemblies | Summer fair stall Archbishop young leaders award -Playground leaders Librarians Year 6 whole school jobs Year 6 buddies Healthy eating champions UKS2 musical Leadership assemblies Crucial Crew |